



Overview of PreK-6 Grade-Level Goals

Content Strand: Number and Numeration	
Program Goal: Understand the Meanings, Uses, and Representations of Numbers	
Content Thread: Rote Counting	
PreK	Goal 1: Verbally count in sequence to 10 and beyond; develop flexibility in counting, including counting on and counting backward.
K	Goal 1: Count on by 1s to 100; count on by 2s, 5s, and 10s and count back by 1s with number grids, number lines, and calculators.
1st	Goal 1: Count on by 1s, 2s, 5s, and 10s past 100 and back by 1s from any number less than 100 with and without number grids, number lines, and calculators.
2nd	Goal 1: Count on by 1s, 2s, 5s, 10s, 25s, and 100s past 1,000 and back by 1s from any number less than 1,000 with and without number grids, number lines, and calculators.
3rd	
4th	
5th	
6th	

Content Thread: Rational Counting	
PreK	Goal 2: Count objects with one-to-one correspondence and know the last counting word tells “how many.”
K	Goal 2: Count 20 or more objects; estimate the number of objects in a collection.
1st	Goal 2: Count collections of objects accurately and reliably; estimate the number of objects in a collection.
2nd	
3rd	
4th	
5th	
6th	



Overview of PreK-6 Grade-Level Goals

Content Strand: Number and Numeration	
Program Goal: Understand the Meanings, Uses, and Representations of Numbers	
Content Thread: Place Value and Notation	
PreK	Goal 3: Develop an awareness of numbers and their uses; associate number names, quantities, and written numerals; recognize and use different ways to represent numbers (for example, groups of objects or dots).
K	Goal 3: Model numbers with manipulatives; use manipulatives to exchange 1s for 10s and 10s for 100s; recognize that digits can be used and combined to read and write numbers; read numbers up to 30.
1st	Goal 3: Read, write, and model with manipulatives whole numbers up to 1,000; identify places in such numbers and the values of the digits in those places.
2nd	Goal 2: Read, write, and model with manipulatives whole numbers up to 10,000; identify places in such numbers and the values of the digits in those places; read and write money amounts in dollars-and-cents notation.
3rd	Goal 1: Read and write whole numbers up to 1,000,000; read, write, and model with manipulatives decimals through hundredths; identify places in such numbers and the values of the digits in those places; translate between whole numbers and decimals represented in words, in base-10 notation, and with manipulatives.
4th	Goal 1: Read and write whole numbers up to 1,000,000,000 and decimals through thousandths; identify places in such numbers and the values of the digits in those places between whole numbers and decimals represented in words and in base-10 notation.
5th	Goal 1: Read and write whole numbers and decimals; identify places in such numbers and the values of the digits in those places; use expanded notation to represent whole numbers and decimals.
6th	Goal 1: Read and write whole numbers and decimals; identify places in such numbers and the values of the digits in those places; use expanded notation, number-and-word notation, exponential notation, and scientific notation to represent whole numbers and decimals.



Overview of PreK-6 Grade-Level Goals

Content Strand: Number and Numeration	
Program Goal: Understand the Meanings, Uses, and Representations of Numbers	
Content Thread: Meanings and Uses of Fractions	
PreK	
K	Goal 4: Use manipulatives to model half of a region or a collection; describe the model.
1st	Goal 4: Use manipulatives and drawings to model halves, thirds, and fourths as equal parts of a region or a collection; describe the model.
2nd	Goal 3: Use manipulatives and drawings to model fractions as equal parts of a region or a collection; describe the models and name the fractions.
3rd	Goal 2: Read, write, and model fractions; solve problems involving fractional parts of a region or a collection; describe strategies used.
4th	Goal 2: Read, write, and model fractions; solve problems involving fractional parts of a region or a collection; describe and explain strategies used; given a fractional part of a region or a collection, identify the unit whole.
5th	Goal 2: Solve problems involving percents and discounts; describe and explain strategies used; identify the unit whole in situations involving fractions.
6th	Goal 2: Solve problems involving percents and discounts; explain strategies used; identify the unit whole in situations involving fractions, decimals, and percents.

Content Thread: Number Theory	
PreK	
K	
1st	Goal 5: Use manipulatives to identify and model odd and even numbers.
2nd	Goal 4: Recognize numbers as odd or even.
3rd	Goal 3: Find multiples of 2, 5, and 10.
4th	Goal 3: Find multiples of whole numbers less than 10; find whole-number factors of numbers.
5th	Goal 3: Identify prime and composite numbers; factor numbers; find prime factorizations.
6th	Goal 3: Use GCFs, LCMs, and divisibility rules to manipulate fractions.



Overview of PreK-6 Grade-Level Goals

Content Strand: Number and Numeration	
Program Goal: Understand Equivalent Names for Numbers	
Content Thread: Equivalent Names for Whole Numbers	
PreK	
K	Goal 5: Use manipulatives, drawings, and numerical expressions involving addition and subtraction of 1-digit numbers to give equivalent names for whole numbers up to 20.
1st	Goal 6: Use manipulatives, drawings, tally marks, and numerical expressions involving addition and subtraction of 1- or 2-digit numbers to give equivalent names for whole numbers up to 100.
2nd	Goal 5: Use tally marks, arrays, and numerical expressions involving addition and subtraction to give equivalent names for whole numbers.
3rd	Goal 4: Use numerical expressions involving one or more of the basic four arithmetic operations to give equivalent names for whole numbers.
4th	Goal 4: Use numerical expressions involving one or more of the basic four arithmetic operations and grouping symbols to give equivalent names for whole numbers.
5th	Goal 4: Use numerical expressions involving one or more of the basic four arithmetic operations, grouping symbols, and exponents to give equivalent names for whole numbers; convert between base-10, exponential, and repeated-factor notations.
6th	Goal 4: Apply the order of operations to numerical expressions to give equivalent names for rational numbers.



Overview of PreK-6 Grade-Level Goals

Content Strand: Number and Numeration	
Program Goal: Understand Equivalent Names for Numbers	
Content Thread: Equivalent Names for Fractions, Decimals, and Percents	
PreK	
K	
1st	
2nd	Goal 6: Use manipulatives and drawings to model equivalent names for $1/2$.
3rd	Goal 5: Use manipulatives and drawings to find and represent equivalent names for fractions; use manipulatives to generate equivalent fractions.
4th	Goal 5: Use numerical expressions to find and represent equivalent names for fractions and decimals; use and explain a multiplication rule to find equivalent fractions; rename fourths, fifths, tenths, and hundredths as decimals and percents.
5th	Goal 5: Use numerical expressions to find and represent equivalent names for fractions decimals, and percents; use and explain multiplication and division rules to find equivalent fractions and fractions in simplest form; convert between fractions and mixed numbers; convert between fractions, decimals, and percents.
6th	Goal 5: Find equivalent fractions and fractions in simplest form by applying multiplication and division rules and concepts from number theory; convert between fractions, mixed numbers, decimals, and percents.



Overview of PreK-6 Grade-Level Goals

Content Strand: Number and Numeration	
Program Goal: Understand Common Numerical Relations	
Content Thread: Comparing and Ordering Numbers	
PreK	Goal 4: Compare and order groups of objects using words such as more, fewer, less, same.
K	Goal 6: Compare and order whole numbers up to 20.
1st	Goal 7: Compare and order whole numbers up to 1,000.
2nd	Goal 7: Compare and order whole numbers up to 10,000; use area models to compare fractions.
3rd	Goal 6: Compare and order whole numbers up to 1,000,000; use manipulatives to order decimals through hundredths; use area models and benchmark fractions to compare and order fractions.
4th	Goal 6: Compare and order whole numbers up to 1,000,000,000 and decimals through thousandths; compare and order integers between -100 and 0; use area models, benchmark fractions, and analyses of numerators and denominators to compare and order fractions.
5th	Goal 6: Compare and order whole numbers up to 1,000,000,000 and decimals through thousandths; compare and order integers between -100 and 0; use area models, benchmark fractions, and analyses of numerators and denominators to compare and order fractions.
6th	Goal 6: Choose and apply strategies for comparing and ordering rational numbers; explain those choices and strategies.



Overview of PreK-6 Grade-Level Goals

Content Strand: Operations and Computation	
Program Goal: Compute Accurately	
Content Thread: Addition and Subtraction Facts	
PreK	
K	
1st	Goal 1: Demonstrate proficiency with $+/- 0$, $+/- 1$, doubles, and sum-equals-ten addition and subtraction facts such as $6 + 4 = 10$ and $10 - 7 = 3$.
2nd	Goal 1: Demonstrate automaticity with $+/- 0$, $+/- 1$, doubles, and sum-equals-ten facts, and proficiency with all addition and subtraction facts through $10 + 10$.
3rd	Goal 1: Demonstrate automaticity with all addition and subtraction facts through $10 + 10$; use basic facts to compute fact extensions such as $80 + 70$.
4th	Goal 1: Demonstrate automaticity with basic addition and subtraction facts and fact extensions.
5th	
6th	



Overview of PreK-6 Grade-Level Goals

Content Strand: Operations and Computation	
Program Goal: Compute Accurately	
Content Thread: Addition and Subtraction Procedures	
PreK	
K	Goal 1: Use manipulatives, number lines, and mental arithmetic to solve problems involving the addition and subtraction of single-digit whole numbers.
1st	Goal 2: Use manipulatives, number grids, tally marks, mental arithmetic, and calculators to solve problems involving the addition and subtraction of 1-digit whole numbers with 1- or 2-digit whole numbers; calculate and compare the values of combinations and coins.
2nd	Goal 2: Use manipulatives, number grids, tally marks, mental arithmetic, paper & pencil, and calculators to solve problems involving the addition and subtraction of 2-digit whole numbers; describe the strategies used; calculate and compare values of coin and bill combinations.
3rd	Goal 2: Use manipulatives, mental arithmetic, paper-and-pencil algorithms, and calculators to solve problems involving the addition and subtraction of whole numbers and decimals in a money context; describe the strategies used and explain how they work.
4th	Goal 2: Use manipulatives mental arithmetic, paper-and-pencil algorithms, and calculators to solve problems involving the addition and subtraction of whole numbers and decimals through hundredths; describe the strategies used and explain how they work.
5th	Goal 1: Use mental arithmetic, paper-and-pencil algorithms, and calculators to solve problems involving the addition and subtraction of whole numbers, decimals, and signed numbers; describe the strategies used and explain how they work.
6th	Goal 1: Use mental arithmetic, paper-and-pencil algorithms, and calculators to solve problems involving the addition and subtraction of whole numbers, decimals, and signed numbers; describe the strategies used and explain how they work.



Overview of PreK-6 Grade-Level Goals

Content Strand: Operations and Computation	
Program Goal: Compute Accurately	
Content Thread: Multiplication and Division Facts	
PreK	
K	
1st	
2nd	
3rd	Goal 3: Demonstrate automaticity with $\times 0$, $\times 1$, $\times 2$, $\times 5$, and $\times 10$ multiplication facts; use strategies to compute remaining facts up to 10×10 .
4th	Goal 3: Demonstrate automaticity with multiplication facts through 10×10 and proficiency with related division facts; use basic facts to compute fact extensions such as 30×60 .
5th	Goal 2: Demonstrate automaticity with multiplication facts and proficiency with division facts and extensions.
6th	

Content Thread: Multiplication and Division Procedures	
PreK	
K	
1st	
2nd	
3rd	Goal 4: Use arrays, mental arithmetic, paper-and-pencil algorithms, and calculators to solve problems involving the multiplication of 2- and 3-digit whole numbers by 1-digit and describe the strategies used.
4th	Goal 4: Use mental arithmetic, paper-and-pencil algorithms, and calculators to solve problems involving the multiplication of multidigit whole numbers by 2-digit whole numbers and the division of multidigit whole numbers by 1-digit whole numbers; describe the strategies used and explain how they work.
5th	Goal 3: Use mental arithmetic, paper-and-pencil algorithms, and calculators to solve problems involving the multiplication of whole numbers and decimals and the division of multidigit whole numbers and decimals by whole numbers; express remainders as whole numbers or fractions as appropriate; describe the strategies used and explain how they work.
6th	Goal 2: Use mental arithmetic, paper-and-pencil algorithms, and calculators to solve problems involving the multiplication and division of whole numbers, decimals, and signed numbers; describe the strategies used and explain how they work.



Overview of PreK-6 Grade-Level Goals

Content Strand: Operations and Computation	
Program Goal: Compute Accurately	
Content Thread: Procedures for Addition and Subtraction of Fractions	
PreK	
K	
1st	
2nd	
3rd	
4th	Goal 5: Use manipulatives, mental arithmetic, and calculators to solve problems involving the addition and subtraction of fractions with like and unlike denominators; describe the strategies used.
5th	Goal 4: Use mental arithmetic, paper-and-pencil algorithms, and calculators to solve problems involving the addition and subtraction of fractions and mixed numbers; describe the strategies used and explain how they work.
6th	Goal 3: Use mental arithmetic, paper-and-pencil algorithms, and calculators to solve problems involving the addition and subtraction of fractions and mixed numbers; describe the strategies used and explain how they work.

Content Thread: Procedures for Multiplication and Division of Fractions	
PreK	
K	
1st	
2nd	
3rd	
4th	
5th	Goal 5: Use area models, mental arithmetic, paper-and-pencil algorithms, and calculators to solve problems involving the multiplication of fractions and mixed numbers; use diagrams, a common-denominator method, and calculators to solve problems involving the division of fractions; describe the strategies used.
6th	Goal 4: Use mental arithmetic, paper-and-pencil algorithms, and calculators to solve problems involving the multiplication and division of fractions and mixed numbers; describe the strategies used and explain how they work.



Overview of PreK-6 Grade-Level Goals

Content Strand: Operations and Computation	
Program Goal: Make Reasonable Estimates	
Content Thread: Computational Estimation	
PreK	
K	
1st	Goal 3: Estimate reasonableness of answers to basic fact problems (e.g., Will $7 + 8$ be more or less than 10?).
2nd	Goal 3: Make reasonable estimates for whole number addition and subtraction problems; explain how the estimates were obtained.
3rd	Goal 5: Make reasonable estimates for whole number addition and subtraction problems; explain how the estimates were obtained.
4th	Goal 6: Make reasonable estimates for whole number and decimal addition and subtraction problems and whole number multiplication and division problems; explain how the estimates were obtained.
5th	Goal 6: Make reasonable estimates for whole number and decimal addition, subtraction, multiplication, and division problems and fraction and mixed number addition and subtraction problems; explain how the estimates were obtained.
6th	Goal 5: Make reasonable estimates for whole number, decimal, fraction, and mixed number addition, subtraction, multiplication, and division problems; explain how the estimates were obtained.



Overview of PreK-6 Grade-Level Goals

Content Strand: Operations and Computation	
Program Goal: Understand Meanings of Operations	
Content Thread: Models for the Operations	
PreK	Goal 1: Solve and create number stories using concrete modeling; explore part-whole relationships (for example, 5 is made of 2 and 3).
K	Goal 2: Identify join and take-away situations.
1st	Goal 4: Identify change to more, change-to-less, comparison, and parts-and-total situations.
2nd	Goal 4: Identify and describe change, comparison, and part-and-total situations; use repeated addition, arrays, and skip counting to model multiplication; use equal sharing and equal grouping to model division.
3rd	Goal 6: Recognize and describe change, comparison, and parts-and-total situations; use repeated addition, arrays, and skip counting to model multiplication; use equal sharing and equal grouping to model division.
4th	Goal 7: Use repeated addition, skip counting, arrays, area, and scaling to model multiplication and division.
5th	Goal 7: Use repeated addition, arrays, area, and scaling to model multiplication and division; use ratios expressed as words, fractions, percents, and with colons; solve problems involving ratios of parts of a set to the whole set.
6th	Goal 6: Use ratios and scaling to model size changes and to solve size-change problems; represent ratios as fractions, percents, and decimals, and using a colon; model and solve problems involving part-to-whole and part-to-part ratios; model rate and ratio number stories with proportions; use and explain cross multiplication and other strategies to solve proportions.



Overview of PreK-6 Grade-Level Goals

Content Strand: Operations and Computation	
Program Goal: Understand Meanings of Operations	
Content Thread: Data Collection and Representation	
PreK	Goal 1: Collect and represent data in a variety of ways focusing on concrete and pictorial representations
K	Goal 1: Collect and organize data to create class-constructed tally charts, tables, and bar graphs.
1st	Goal 1: Collect and organize data to create tally charts, tables, bar graphs, and line plots.
2nd	Goal 1: Collect and organize data or use given data to create tally charts, tables, bar graphs, and line plots.
3rd	Goal 1: Collect and organize data or use given data to create charts, tables, bar graphs, and line plots.
4th	Goal 1: Collect and organize data or use given data to create charts, tables, bar graphs, line plots, and line graphs.
5th	Goal 1: Collect and organize data or use given data to create bar, line, and circle graphs with reasonable titles, labels, keys, and intervals.
6th	Goal 1: Collect and organize data or use given data to create bar, line, circle, and stem-and-leaf graphs with reasonable titles, labels, keys, and intervals.

Program Goal: Analyze and Interpret Data	
Content Thread: Data Analysis	
PreK	Goal 2: Use graphs to answer simple questions.
K	Goal 2: Use graphs to answer simple questions.
1st	Goal 2: Use graphs to answer simple questions and draw conclusions; find the maximum and minimum of a data set.
2nd	Goal 2: Use graphs to ask and answer simple questions and draw conclusions; find the maximum, minimum, mode, and median of a data set.
3rd	Goal 2: Use graphs to ask simple questions and draw conclusions; find the maximum, minimum, range, mode, and median of a data set.
4th	Goal 2: Use the maximum, minimum, range, median, mode, and graphs to ask and answer questions, draw conclusions, and make predictions.
5th	Goal 2: Use the maximum, minimum, range, median, mode, and mean and graphs to ask and answer questions, draw conclusions, and make predictions.
6th	Goal 2: Use the minimum, range, median, mode, and mean and graphs to ask and answer questions, draw conclusions, and make predictions; compare and contrast the median and mean of a data set.



Overview of PreK-6 Grade-Level Goals

Content Strand: Data and Chance	
Program Goal: Understand and Apply Basic Concepts of Probability	
Content Thread: Qualitative Probability	
PreK	
K	Goal 3: Describe events using certain, possible, impossible, and other basic probability terms.
1st	Goal 3: Describe events using certain, likely, unlikely, impossible and other basic probability terms.
2nd	Goal 3: Describe events using certain, likely, unlikely, impossible and other basic probability terms; explain the choice of language.
3rd	Goal 3: Describe events using certain, very likely, likely, unlikely, very unlikely, impossible and other basic probability terms; explain the choice of language.
4th	Goal 3: Describe events using certain, very likely, likely, unlikely, very unlikely, impossible and other basic probability terms; use more likely, equally likely, same chance, 50-50, less likely, and other basic probability terms to compare events; explain the choice of language.
5th	Goal 3: Describe events using certain, very likely, likely, unlikely, very unlikely, impossible and other basic probability terms; use more likely, equally likely, same chance, 50-50, less likely, and other basic probability terms to compare events; explain the choice of language.
6th	



Overview of PreK-6 Grade-Level Goals

Content Strand: Data and Chance	
Program Goal: Understand and Apply Basic Concepts of Probability	
Content Thread: Quantitative Probability	
PreK	
K	
1st	
2nd	
3rd	Goal 4: Predict the outcomes of simple experiments and test the predictions using manipulatives; express the probability of an event by using “_ out of _” language.
4th	Goal 4: Predict the outcomes of experiments and test the predictions using manipulatives; summarize the results and use them to predict future events; express the probability of an event as a fraction.
5th	Goal 4: Predict the outcomes of experiments, test the predictions using manipulatives, and summarize the results; compare predictions based on theoretical probability with experimental results; use summaries and comparisons to predict future events; express the probability of an event as a fraction, decimal, or percent.
6th	Goal 4: Predict the outcomes of experiments, test the predictions using manipulatives, and summarize the results; compare predictions based on theoretical probability with experimental results; use summaries and comparisons to predict future events; express the probability of an event as a fraction, decimal, or percent.



Overview of PreK-6 Grade-Level Goals

Content Strand: Measurement and Reference Frames	
Program Goal: Understand the Systems and Processes of Measurement; Use Appropriate Techniques, Tools, Units, and Formulas in Making Measurements	
Content Thread: Length, Weight, and Angles	
PreK	Goal 1: Distinguish and describe size attributes, including length, weight, and capacity or volume; compare objects according to various size attributes.
K	Goal 1: Use nonstandard tools and techniques to estimate and compare weight and length; identify standard measuring tools.
1st	Goal 1: Use nonstandard tools and techniques to estimate and compare weight and length; measure length with standard measuring tools.
2nd	Goal 1: Estimate length with and without tools; measure length to the nearest inch and centimeter; use standard and nonstandard tools to measure and estimate weight.
3rd	Goal 1: Estimate length with and without tools; measure length to the nearest $\frac{1}{2}$ inch and $\frac{1}{2}$ centimeter; draw and describe angles of records of rotations.
4th	Goal 1: Estimate length with and without tools; measure length to the nearest $\frac{1}{4}$ inch and $\frac{1}{2}$ centimeter; estimate the size of angles without tools.
5th	Goal 1: Estimate length with and without tools; measure length with tools to the nearest $\frac{1}{8}$ inch and millimeter; estimate the measure of angles with and without tools; use tools to draw angles with given measures.
6th	Goal 1: Estimate length with and without tools; measure length with tools to the nearest $\frac{1}{16}$ inch and millimeter; estimate the measure of angles with and without tools; use tools to draw angles with given measures.



Overview of PreK-6 Grade-Level Goals

Content Strand: Measurement and Reference Frames	
Program Goal: Understand the Systems and Processes of Measurement; Use Appropriate Techniques, Tools, Units, and Formulas in Making Measurements	
Content Thread: Area, Perimeter, Volume, and Capacity	
PreK	
K	
1st	
2nd	Goal 2: Count unit squares to find the area of rectangles.
3rd	Goal 2: Describe and use strategies to measure the perimeter of polygons; count unit squares to find the areas of rectangles.
4th	Goal 2: Describe and use strategies to measure the perimeter and area of polygons, to estimate the area of irregular shapes, and to find the volume of rectangular prisms.
5th	Goal 2: Describe and use strategies to find the perimeter of polygons and the area of circles; choose and use appropriate formulas to calculate the areas of rectangles, parallelograms, and triangles, and the volume of a prism; define pi as the ratio of a circle's circumference to its diameter.
6th	Goal 2: Choose and use appropriate formulas to calculate the circumference of circles and to solve area, perimeter, and volume problems.

Content Thread: Units and Systems of Measurement	
PreK	Goal 2: Become familiar with standard measuring tools and their uses; begin to understand the concept of measurement units and the idea that measurement can be quantified.
K	
1st	
2nd	Goal 3: Describe relationships between days in a week and hours in day.
3rd	Goal 3: Describe relationships among inches, feet, and yards; describe relationships between minutes in an hour, hours in a day, days in a week.
4th	Goal 3: Describe relationships among U.S. customary units of length and among metric units of length.
5th	Goal 3: Describe relationships among U.S. customary units of length; among metric units of length; and among U.S. customary units of capacity.
6th	



Overview of PreK-6 Grade-Level Goals

Content Strand: Measurement and Reference Frames	
Program Goal: Understand the Systems and Processes of Measurement; Use Appropriate Techniques, Tools, Units, and Formulas in Making Measurements	
Content Thread: Money	
PreK	
K	Goal 2: Identify pennies, nickels, dimes, quarters, and dollar bills.
1st	Goal 2: Know and compare the value of pennies, nickels, dimes, quarters, and dollar bills; make exchanges between coins.
2nd	Goal 4: Make exchanges between coins and bills.
3rd	
4th	
5th	
6th	

Program Goal: Use and Understand Reference Frames	
Content Thread: Temperature	
PreK	
K	Goal 3: Describe temperature using appropriate vocabulary, such as hot, warm, and cold; identify a thermometer as a tool for measuring temperature.
1st	Goal 3: Identify a thermometer as a tool for measuring temperature; read temperatures on Fahrenheit and Celsius thermometers to the nearest 10°.
2nd	Goal 5: Read temperature on both the Fahrenheit and Celsius scales.
3rd	
4th	
5th	
6th	



Overview of PreK-6 Grade-Level Goals

Content Strand: Measurement and Reference Frames	
Program Goal: Use and Understand Reference Frames	
Content Thread: Time	
PreK	Goal 3: Sequence familiar events in time.
K	Goal 4: Describe and use measures of time periods relative to a day and week; identify tools that measure time.
1st	Goal 4: Use a calendar to identify days, weeks, months, and dates; tell and show time to the nearest half and quarter hour on an analog clock.
2nd	Goal 6: Tell and show time to the nearest five minutes on an analog clock; tell and write time in digital notation.
3rd	Goal 4: Tell and show time to the nearest minute on an analog clock; tell and write time in digital notation.
4th	
5th	
6th	

Content Thread: Coordinate Systems	
PreK	
K	
1st	
2nd	
3rd	
4th	Goal 4: Use ordered pairs of numbers to name, locate, and plot points in the first quadrant of a coordinate grid.
5th	Goal 4: Use ordered pairs of numbers to name, locate, and plot points in all four quadrants of a coordinate grid.
6th	Goal 3: Use ordered pairs of numbers to name, locate, and plot points in all four quadrants of a coordinate grid.



Overview of PreK-6 Grade-Level Goals

Content Strand: Measurement and Reference Frames	
Program Goal: Investigate Characteristics and Properties of Two- and Three-Dimensional Geometric Shapes	
Content Thread: Lines and Angles	
PreK	
K	
1st	
2nd	Goal 1: Draw line segments and identify parallel line segments.
3rd	Goal 1: Identify and draw points, intersecting and parallel line segments, and lines, rays, and right angles.
4th	Goal 1: Identify, draw, and describe points, intersecting and parallel line segments and lines, rays, and right, acute, and obtuse angles.
5th	Goal 1: Identify, describe, compare, name, and draw right, acute, obtuse, straight, and reflex angles; determine angle measures in vertical and supplementary angles and by applying properties of sums of angle measures in triangles and quadrangles.
6th	Goal 1: Identify, describe, classify, name and draw angles; determine angle measures by applying properties of orientations of angles and of sums of angle measures in triangles and quadrangles.



Overview of PreK-6 Grade-Level Goals

Content Strand: Geometry	
Program Goal: Investigate Characteristics and Properties of Two- and Three-Dimensional Geometric Shapes	
Content Thread: Plane and Solid Figures	
PreK	Goal 1: Recognize and describe basic 2-dimensional geometric shapes; explore the relationships between basic 2-dimensional and 3-dimensional shapes.
K	Goal 1: Identify and describe plane and solid figures including circles, triangles, squares, rectangles, spheres, and cubes.
1st	Goal 1: Identify and describe plan and solid figures including circles, triangles, squares, rectangles, spheres, cylinders, rectangular prisms, pyramids, cones, and cubes.
2nd	Goal 2: Identify, describe, and model plane and solid figures including circles, triangles, squares, rectangles, hexagons, trapezoids, rhombuses, spheres, cylinders, rectangular prisms, pyramids, cones, and cubes.
3rd	Goal 2: Identify, describe, model, and compare plane and solid figures including circles, polygons, spheres, cylinders, rectangular prisms, pyramids, cones, and cubes using appropriate geometric terms including the terms face, edge, vertex, and base.
4th	Goal 2: Describe, compare, and classify plane and solid figures, including polygons, circles, spheres, cylinders, rectangular prisms, cones, cubes, and pyramids, using appropriate geometric terms including vertex, base, face, edge, and congruent.
5th	Goal 2: Describe, compare, and classify plane and solid figures using appropriate geometric terms; identify congruent figures and describe their properties.
6th	Goal 2: Identify and describe similar and congruent figures and describe their properties; construct a figure that is congruent to another figure using a compass and straightedge.



Overview of PreK-6 Grade-Level Goals

Content Strand: Geometry	
Program Goal: Apply Transformations and Symmetry in Geometric Situations	
Content Thread: Transformations and Symmetry	
PreK	Goal 2: Recognize and describe the position and location of objects; use spatial reasoning in concrete tasks, such as putting together puzzles and creating collages and block structures.
K	Goal 2: Identify shapes having line symmetry.
1st	Goal 2: Identify shapes having lines symmetry; complete line-symmetric shapes or designs.
2nd	Goal 3: Create and complete two-dimensional symmetrical shapes or designs.
3rd	Goal 3: Create and complete two-dimensional symmetric shapes or designs; locate multiple lines of symmetry in a two-dimensional shape.
4th	Goal 3: Identify, describe, and sketch examples of reflections; identify and describe examples of translations and rotations.
5th	Goal 3: Identify, describe, and sketch examples of reflections, translations, and rotations.
6th	Goal 3: Identify, describe, and sketch (including plotting on the coordinate plane) instances of reflections, translations, and rotations.



Overview of PreK-6 Grade-Level Goals

Content Strand: Patterns, Functions, and Algebra	
Program Goal: Understand Patterns and Functions	
Content Thread: Patterns and Functions	
PreK	Goal 1: Recognize and match attributes of objects, such as size, shape, and color; use rules to sort objects; use rules to create and extend repeating patterns.
K	Goal 1: Extend, describe, and create visual, rhythmic, and movement patterns; use rules, which will lead to functions, to sort, make patterns, and play “What’s My Rule?” and other games.
1st	Goal 1: Extend, describe, and create numeric, visual, and concrete patterns; solve problems involving function machines, “What’s My Rule?” tables, and Frames-and-Arrows diagrams.
2nd	Goal 1: Extend, describe, and create numeric, visual, and concrete patterns; describe rules for patterns and use them to solve problems; use words and symbols to describe and write rules for functions involving addition and subtraction and use those rules to solve problems.
3rd	Goal 1: Extend, describe, and create numeric patterns; describe rules for patterns and use them to solve problems; use words and symbols to describe and write rules for functions involving addition, subtraction, and multiplication and use those rules to solve problems.
4th	Goal 1: Extend, describe, and create numeric patterns; describe rules for patterns and use them to solve problems; use words and symbols to describe and write rules for functions that involve the four basic arithmetic operations and use those rules to solve problems.
5th	Goal 1: Extend, describe, and create numeric patterns; describe rules for patterns and use them to solve problems; write rules for functions involving the four basic arithmetic operations; represent functions using words, symbols, tables, and graphs and use those representations to solve problems.
6th	Goal 1: Extend, describe, and create numeric patterns; describe rules for patterns and use them to solve problems; represent patterns and rules using algebraic notation; represent functions using words, algebraic notation, tables, and graphs; translate from one representation to another and use representations to solve problems involving functions.



Overview of PreK-6 Grade-Level Goals

Content Strand: Patterns, Functions, and Algebra	
Program Goal: Use Algebraic Notation to Represent and Analyze Situations and Structures	
Content Thread: Algebraic Notation and Solving Number Sentences	
PreK	
K	Goal 2: Read and write expressions and number sentences using the symbols +, -, and =.
1st	Goal 2: Read, write, and explain expressions and number sentences using the symbols +, -, and = and the symbols > and < with cues; solve equations involving addition and subtraction.
2nd	Goal 2: Read, write, and explain expressions and number sentences using the +, -, =, >, and <; solve number sentences involving addition and subtraction; write expressions and number sentences to model number stories.
3rd	Goal 2: Read, write, and explain number sentences using the symbols +, -, x, ÷, =, >, and <; solve number sentences, write expressions and number sentences to model number stories.
4th	Goal 2: Use conventional notation to write expressions and number sentences using the four basic arithmetic operations; determine whether number sentences are true or false; solve open sentences and explain the solutions; write expressions and number sentences to model number stories.
5th	Goal 2: Determine whether number sentences are true or false; solve open number sentences and explain the solutions; use a letter variable to write an open sentence to model a number story; use a pan-balance model to solve linear equations with one unknown.
6th	Goal 2: Determine whether equalities and inequalities are true or false; solve open number sentences and explain the solutions; use a pan-balance model to solve linear equations in one or two unknowns; use trial-and-error and equivalent equation strategies to solve linear equations in one unknown.



Overview of PreK-6 Grade-Level Goals

Content Strand: Patterns, Functions, and Algebra	
Program Goal: Use Algebraic Notation to Represent and Analyze Situations and Structures	
Content Thread: Order of Operations	
PreK	
K	
1st	
2nd	
3rd	Goal 3: Recognize that numeric expressions can have different values depending on the order in which operations are carried out; understand that grouping symbols can be used to affect the order in which operations are carried out.
4th	Goal 3: Evaluate numeric expressions containing grouping symbols; insert grouping symbols to make number sentences true.
5th	Goal 3: Evaluate numeric expressions containing grouping symbols and nested grouping symbols; insert grouping symbols and nested grouping symbols to make number sentences true; describe and use the precedence of multiplication and division over addition and subtraction.
6th	Goal 3: Describe and apply the conventional order of operations.

Content Thread: Properties of the Arithmetic Operations	
PreK	
K	
1st	Goal 3: Apply the Commutative Property of Addition and the Additive Identity to basic addition fact problems.
2nd	Goal 3: Describe the Commutative and Associative Properties of Addition and apply them to mental arithmetic problems.
3rd	Goal 4: Describe and apply the Commutative and Associative Properties of Addition, the Commutative Property of Multiplication, and the Multiplicative Identity.
4th	Goal 4: Apply the Distributive Property of Multiplication over Addition to the partial-products multiplication algorithm.
5th	Goal 4: Describe and apply properties of arithmetic.
6th	Goal 4: Describe and apply properties of arithmetic and multiplicative and additive inverses.